

state of the art by PSNR



our result

EnhanceNet

Single Image Super-Resolution
Through Automated Texture Synthesis



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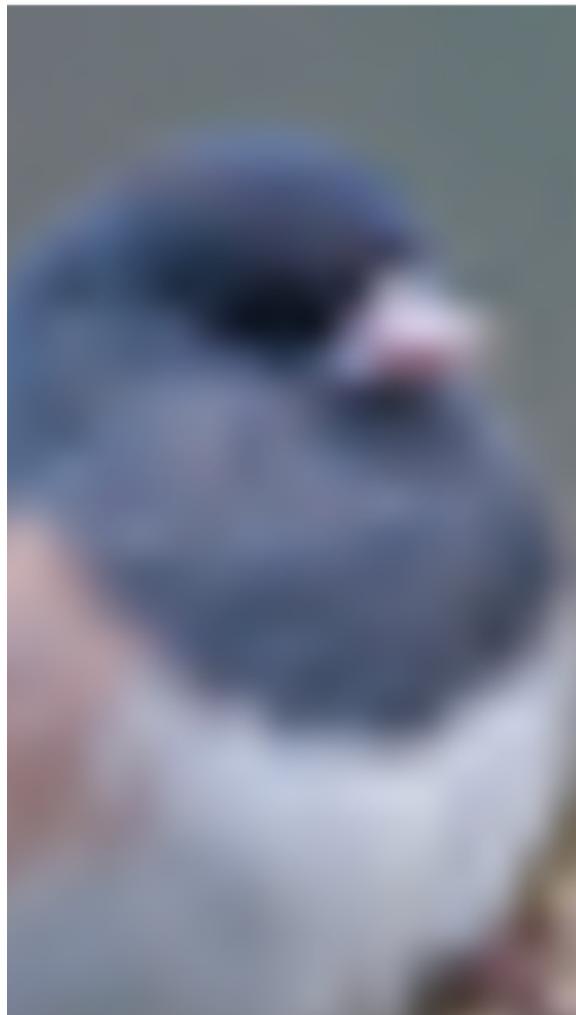


Michael
Hirsch



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for Intelligent Systems

Single Image Super-Resolution



Low-resolution input

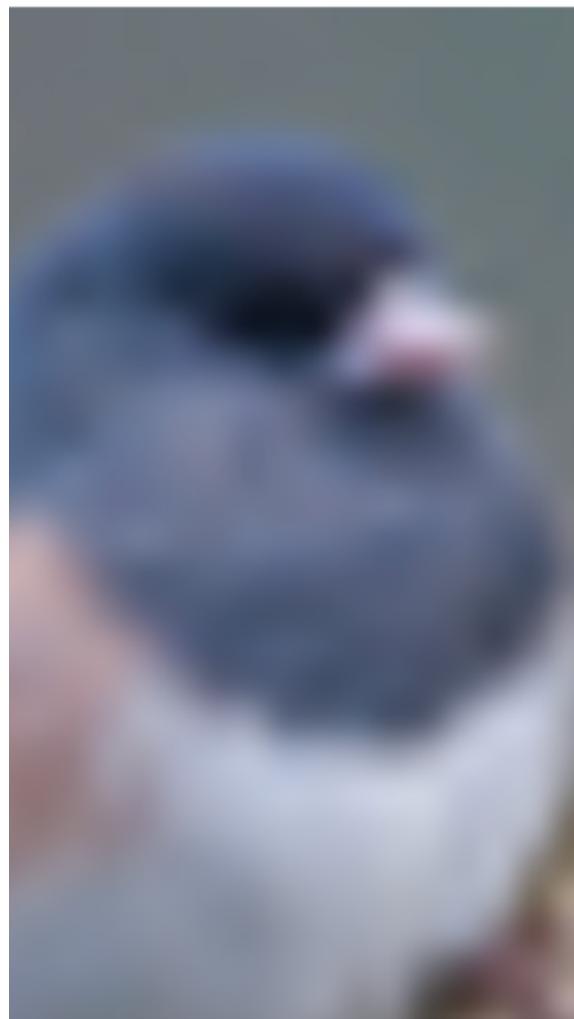


Original high-res image

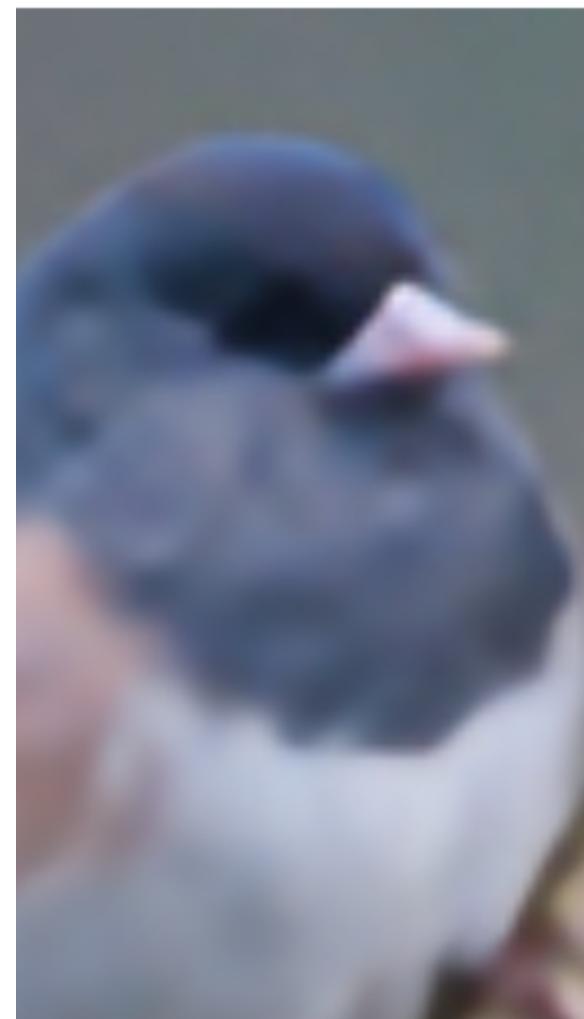
Method: Classical approach

- ❑ Minimize mean-squared error
 - ❑ $MSE = \frac{1}{nm} \sum_i^n \sum_j^m (\tilde{I}_{ij} - I_{ij})^2$
- ❑ Evaluation by Peak signal-to-noise ratio (PSNR)
 - ❑ $PSNR = -10 \log_{10}(MSE)$
- ❑ The field is dominated by convolutional neural nets
 - ❑ SRCNN (Dong et al., ECCV 2014)
 - ❑ DRCN, VDSR (Kim et al., CVPR 2016)
 - ❑ NTIRE challenge on image super-resolution (CVPR 2017)

State of the art by PSNR

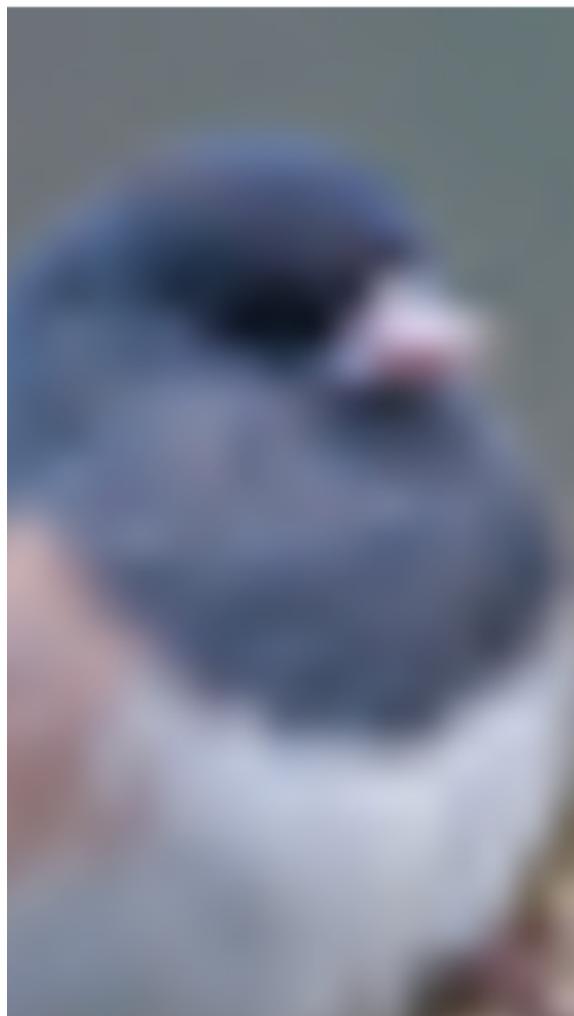


Low-resolution input

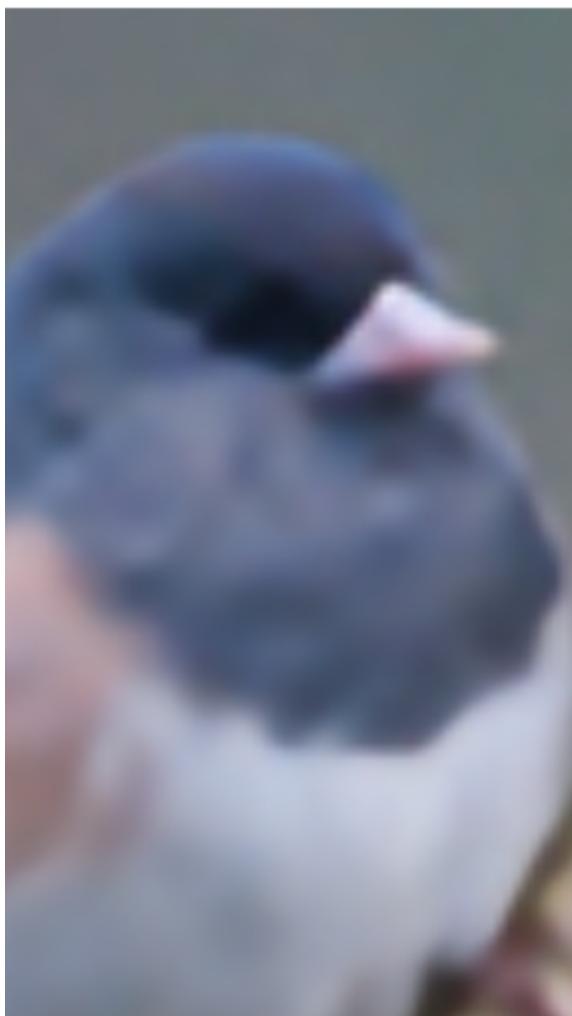


High-resolution output

Is PSNR the right metric?



Low-resolution input

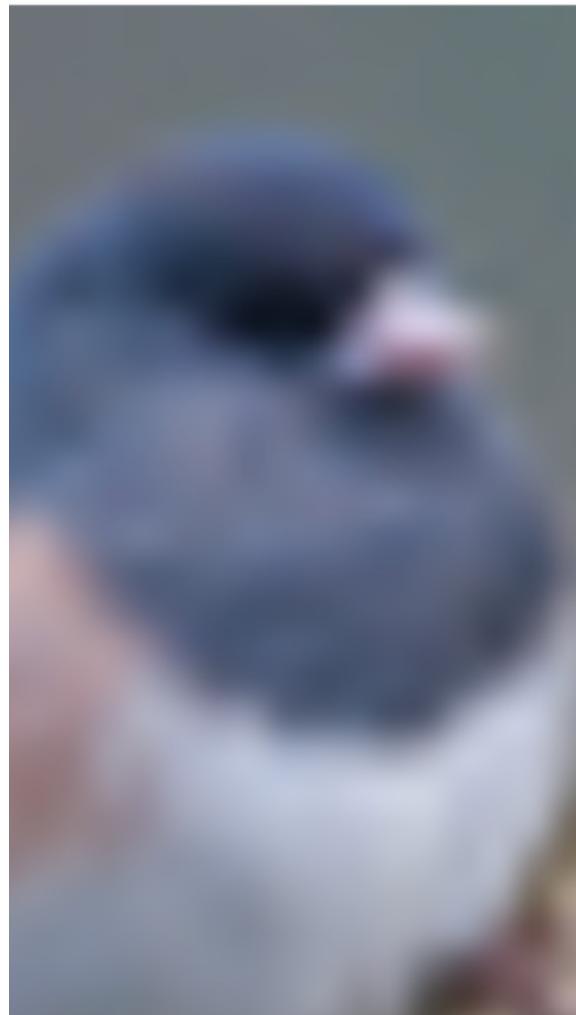


Generated image



Original image

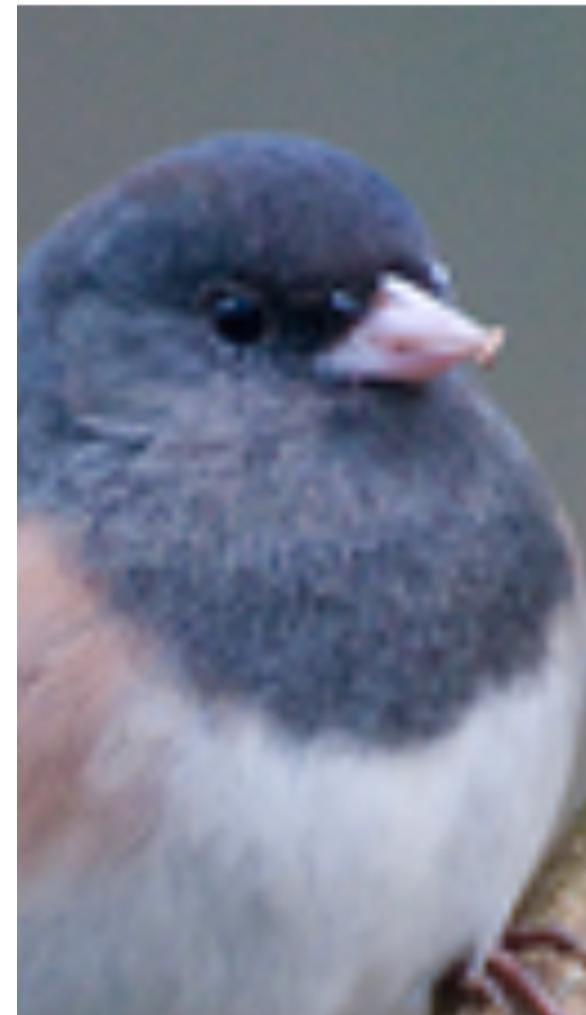
EnhanceNet's output



Low-resolution input

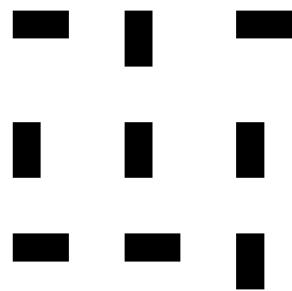


Our result

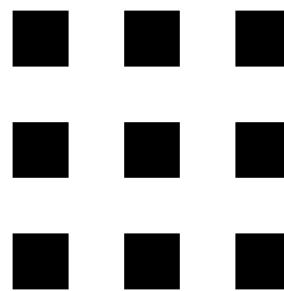


Original image

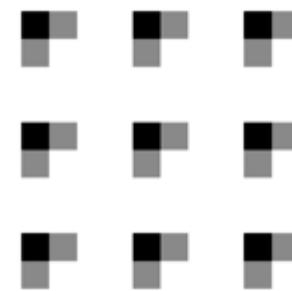
PSNR vs. visual similarity



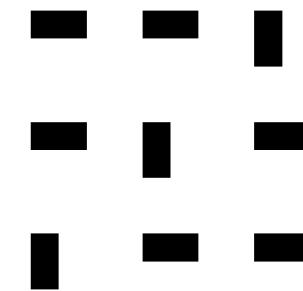
High-resolution
image



Low-resolution
image



Optimal PSNR



Realistic image
Low PSNR

Method: residual CNN with loss

- Euclidean distance / mean squared error (MSE)

- $\left\| \tilde{I} - I \right\|_2^2 = \frac{1}{NMC} \sum_{ij} (\tilde{I}_{ij} - I_{ij})^2$

- Perceptual loss (Dosovitskiy and Brox 2016, Johnson et al. 2016)

- $\left\| \phi(\tilde{I}) - \phi(I) \right\|_2^2$ MSE in VGG feature space

- Texture loss / style transfer (Gatys et al. 2015)

- $\left\| G(\phi(\tilde{I})) - G(\phi(I)) \right\|_2^2$ MSE of correlation in VGG feature space

- Adversarial loss / GAN (Goodfellow et al. 2014)

- $D(\tilde{I}), D(I) \in [0, 1]$ discriminator rates realism of image patches

Best result by PSNR vs. our best



Bicubic

ENet-E

ENet-PAT

 I_{HR}

Evaluation

- ❑ PSNR/SSIM/IFC: **ENet-E SOTA**; ENet-PAT low scores
- ❑ Survey: **ENet-PAT** is preferred over ENet-E in **91.0%** images
- ❑ Object recognition image quality benchmark
 - ❑ Feed ImageNet through super-resolution models
 - ❑ Run pre-trained object recognition network on results
 - ❑ **ENet-PAT leads to lowest error**

Evaluation	Bicubic	DRCN [26]	PSyCo [40]	ENet-E	ENet-EA	ENet-PA	ENet-PAT	Baseline
Top-1 error	0.506	0.477	0.454	0.449	0.407	0.429	0.399	0.260
Top-5 error	0.266	0.242	0.224	0.214	0.185	0.199	0.171	0.072
Confidence	0.754	0.727	0.728	0.754	0.760	0.783	0.797	0.882

Comparison w/ other methods



Bicubic

Glasner [17]

Kim [27]

SCSR [60]

SelfEx [22]

SRCNN [8]



PSyCo [40]

VDSR [25]

DRCN [26]

ENet-E

ENet-PAT

 I_{HR}

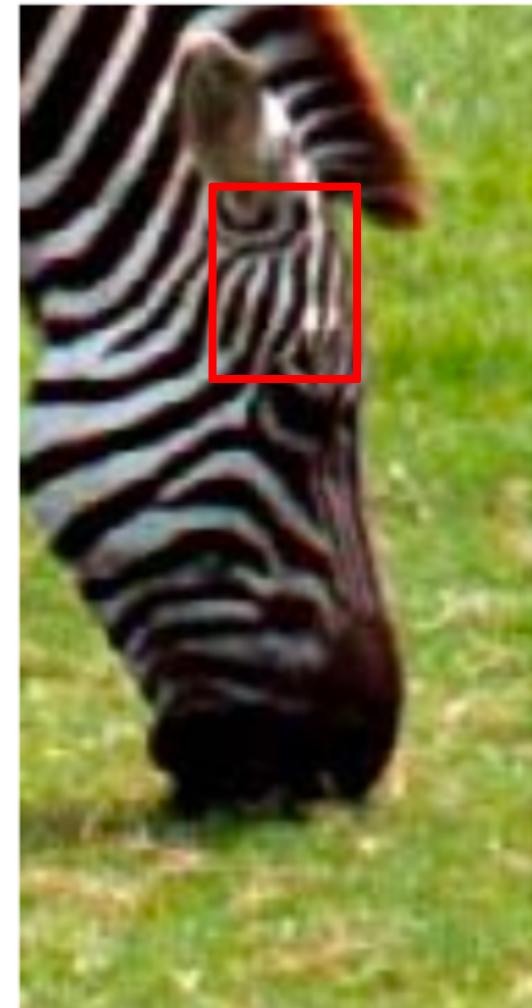
A closer look at ENet-PAT



Bicubic



ENet-PAT

 I_{HR}

Conclusion

- Introduce a novel combination of loss functions for single image super-resolution
- State of the art in quantitative + qualitative benchmarks
- Propose object detection image quality benchmark
 - Let's see if it works in other domains as well
- Outlook: lots of room for improvements
 - Perceptual evaluation still an unsolved problem